

World Food Programme

THE WORLD FOOD PROGRAMME

Year in Review 2015









WFP's impact on the 795 MILLION* undernourished people in the world

The most vulnerable were assisted **directly** by WFP...

76.7 MILLION PEOPLE in 81 countries



1.6 MILLION through **Trust-fund projects**

⋈⋬⋎⋕⋎⋬⋎⋕⋎⋬⋎⋕⋎⋬⋎⋕⋎⋬⋎⋕⋎⋬⋎⋕⋎⋬⋎⋕⋎⋬⋎⋕⋎

...and more people **benefitted** from this **assistance**...

For example, we can estimate that **1.8 MILLION PEOPLE**

were trained in areas of nutrition and food security or were connected to local markets

MANANAN

...while our work to **help national** governments will impact many more...

in countries such as India and Peru for example, WFP participated in the design of programmes expected to benefit more than

30 MILLION PEOPLE

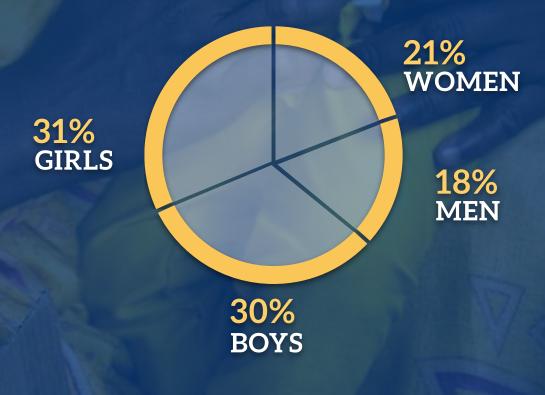
MMMMMMM <u>MANANANANAN</u>

> *Source: FAO. IFAD and WFP 2015. The State of Food Insecurity in the World 2015 03 WFP - Year in Review 2015

Focus on women and children

Children remained the primary focus of WFP's support, accounting for 61% of total recipients of food assistance. Women and children together accounted for

82%



Key outcomes



In emergencies, more than 50 million people were reached in order to improve their **nutrition and food security**.

School meals were provided to **17.4 million children** helping retain children in schools, supporting uninterrupted access to education.

WFP contributed to increasing women's decision-making over the use of **food and cash** in their homes in **55 countries**

Partnerships



93%

of all WFP project activities were implemented with partners

FAO, UNHCR and UNICEF

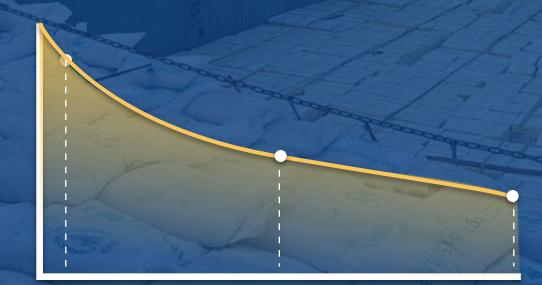
were the three most frequent UN partners

WFP worked with more than 1,000 national and international non-governmental organizations

Efficiency of the supply chain

The average lead time of 120 days to procure and move food to recipient countries was reduced to

56 days



2014 2013 **120 DAYS** 68 DAYS

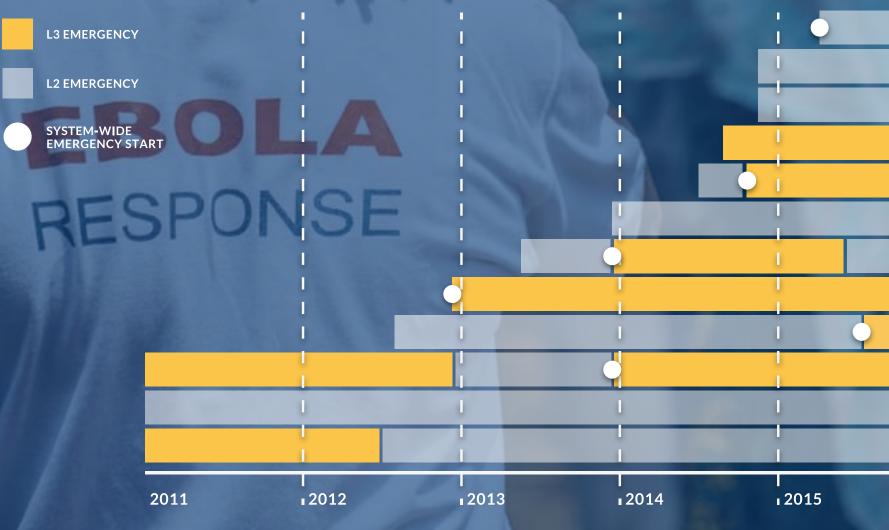
2015 56 DAYS



In 2015, WFP worked on six Level 3 emergencies

Level 3, the Inter-Agency Standing Committee's highest category of emergency, requires mobilisation of a WFP global, corporate response. Level 2 emergency response operations require regional augmentation of country level response capabilities.

The graph highlights the increasing length of major emergencies active during 2015.



	NEPAL	
	UKRAINE	
	LIBYA	
	EBOLA OUTBREAK	
	IRAQ	
	DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO	
	CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC	
	SYRIA CRISIS	
	YEMEN	
	SOUTH SUDAN	
	MALI	
	HORN OF AFRICA	

SYRIA

GUINEA, LIBERIA, SIERRA LEONE (EBOLA)

CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC





By December 2015, WFP was providing food assistance in the **Central African Republic** for a million people, helping them to recover and rebuild through general food distributions, cash-based transfers, nutrition support, food-assistance-for-assets activities, and a scaled-up school meals programme, when classes restarted in September 2015.

CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC

STOP E

Continuing its support in response to the Ebola virus outbreak in Guinea, Liberia and Sierra Leone, WFP assisted 3.7 million people through food, cash and nutrition support. It also provided logistical support to the wider humanitarian community.

EBOLA

By December, the virus was considered contained and manageable by host governments and humanitarian country teams.

In **Iraq**, the number of people requiring humanitarian assistance grew to 8.2 million during 2015 and IDPs increased by 50%.

IRAQ

With restricted access to conflict-affected governorates, WFP worked with local partners to reach isolated communities.

WFP assisted almost 2 million people across all 18 governorates.



South Sudan faced persistent conflict and economic crisis. Food and fuel prices rose sharply in the second half of 2015, limiting food availability in a country highly dependent on importing basic goods.

Amid serious access challenges, WFP and its partners created and deployed Rapid Response Teams when security conditions allowed.

SOUTH SUDAN

WFP assisted 2.9 million vulnerable people over the year.

The continuing **Syria** crisis has caused the largest displacement in the world. Millions have been forced to leave their homes; there are 6.5 million IDPs and 4.3 million refugees in neighbouring countries.

WFP provided food assistance to 4.9 million people and supported almost 2 million refugees in neighbouring countries in 2015. Food assistance for more than half a million people was delivered through cross-border convoys from Turkey and Jordan, delivering family food rations to oppositionheld, hard-to-reach areas.



The conflict in **Yemen** escalated, leading to a sharp decline in food security country-wide.



By the year end, four out of five people required some form of humanitarian assistance.

WFP managed operations remotely for four months, after a temporary evacuation of all international staff in March. WFP reached 8.9 million people in 2015.

PEOPLE WHO RECEIVED WFP FOOD ASSISTANCE

WFP assisted

76.7 MILLION PEOPLE

in 2015

PEOPLE WHO RECEIVED WFP FOOD ASSISTANCE

WFP assisted 76.7 MILLION PEOPLE

in 2015





62.6 MILLION Women and children of which

16.1 MILLION WOMEN 46.4 MILLION CHILDREN

of which girls: 23.3 million of which boys: 23.1 million



16.4 MILLION Internally displaced people



PEOPLE WHO RECEIVED WFP FOOD ASSISTANCE

3,650,084	Afghanistan	260,416	Ghana
8,997	Albania	225,300	Greece
124,960	Algeria	741,234	Guatemala
68,544	Armenia	1,678,114	Guinea
647,340	Bangladesh	183,363	Guinea-Bissau
107,411	Benin	768,694	Haiti
24,437	Bhutan	370,827	Honduras
83,336	Bolivia	54,152	Indonesia
467,949	Burkina Faso	29,002	Iran
790,944	Burundi	1,963,097	Iraq
466,100	Cambodia	983,326	Jordan
563,659	Cameroon	2,585,679	Kenya
923,032	Central African Republic	178,594	Kyrgyzstan
1,240,311	Chad	232,359	Laos
203,034	Colombia	925,294	Lebanon
1,372,067	Congo, Democratic Republic of	303,292	Lesotho
135,761	Congo, Republic of	565,415	Liberia
555,439	Côte d'Ivoire	73,222	Libya
110,068	Cuba	601,811	Madagascar
106,881	Djibouti	2,567,100	Malawi
1,084,770	DPR Korea	1,112,599	Mali
63,824	Ecuador	425,738	Mauritania
1,142,864	Egypt	414,048	Mozambique
29,045	El Salvador	1,154,966	Myanmar
6,196,996	Ethiopia	2,486,444	Nepal
143,610	Gambia	172,014	Nicaragua

1,912,018	Niger
3,642,570	Pakistan
589,635	Palestine, State of
344,273	Philippines
185,001	Rwanda
12,480	S. Tome & Principe
663,636	Senegal
1,714,377	Sierra Leone
1,794,985	Somalia
2,908,637	South Sudan
450,365	Sri Lanka
3,308,909	Sudan
102,598	Swaziland
4,950,933	Syria
436,748	Tajikistan
670,198	Tanzania, United Republic of
4,138	Timor-Leste
237,199	Turkey
879,203	Uganda
341,109	Ukraine
108,526	Vanuatu
8,866,057	Yemen
852,581	Zambia
376,053	Zimbabwe



7.6 MILLION

malnourished children received specialized nutritional support

NUTRITION



3.5 MILLION

Pregnant women and nursing mothers received additional nutrition support



Countries received assistance for tuberculosis and HIV/AIDS prevention activities



0.6 MILLION

People affected by HIV/AIDS received WFP assistance





FOOD ASSISTANCE QUANTITIES

3.2 MILLION

metric tons of food distributed



FOOD ASSISTANCE QUANTITIES



The percentage of food procured in developing countries

73%



The amount of food procured in 97 countries









US\$4.8 BILLION RECEIVED IN VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS

the second highest amount in WFP's history, representing one third of aid given in response to humanitarian appeals in 2015

FUNDING

Funding sources and total confirmed contributions in 2015 (US\$ thousand)



FUNDING

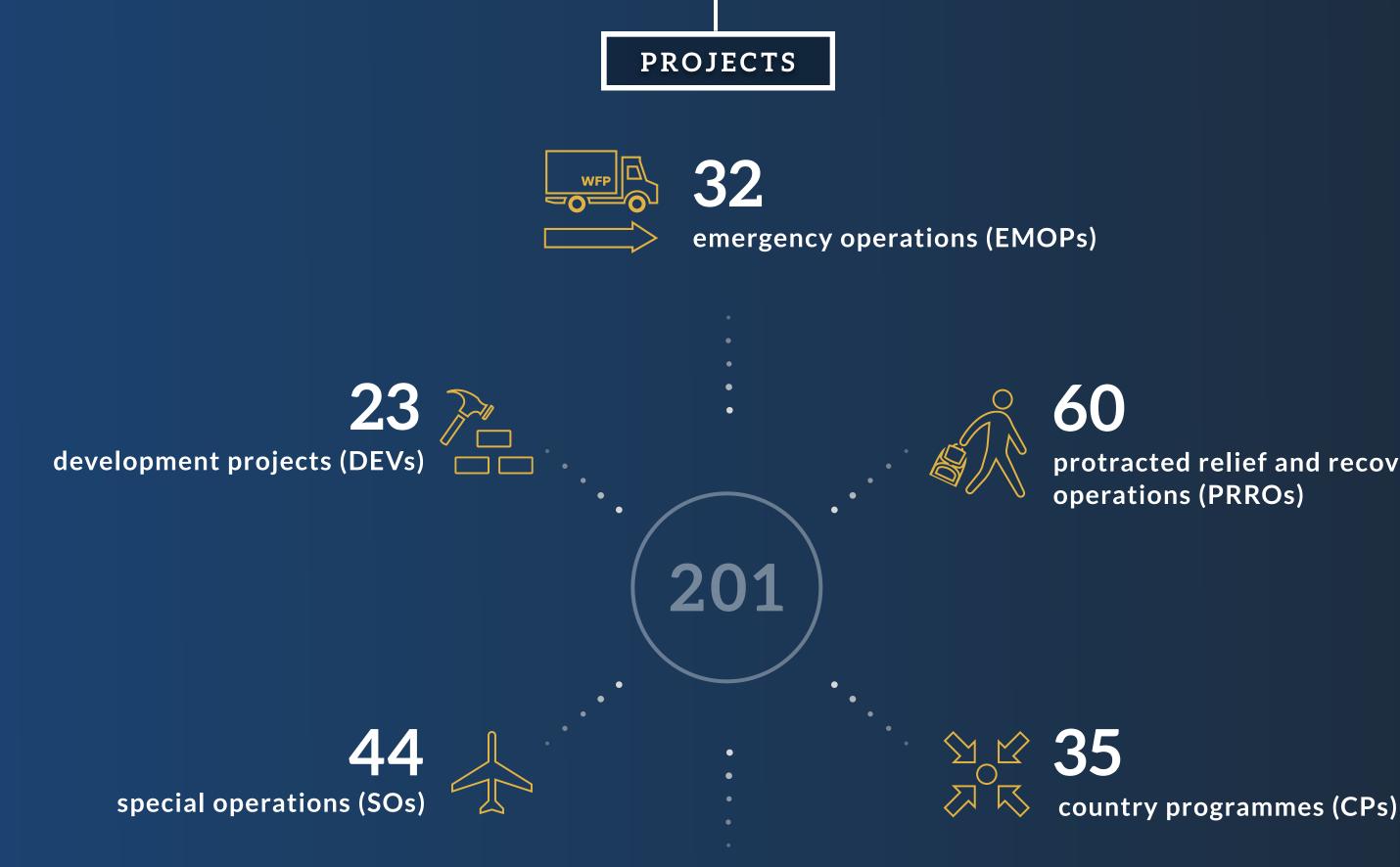
2,000	African Development Bank	446	Guinea-Bissau
48	Andorra	24,170	Honduras
55	Argentina	339	Hungary
101	Armenia	975	Iceland
72,482	Australia	1,361	India
6,075	Austria	3,959	Iran
4,128	Bangladesh	593	Iraq
17,034	Belgium	29,631	Ireland
323	Bolivia (Plurinational state of)	20	Israel
6,093	Brazil	26,232	Italy
113	Bulgaria	196,773	Japan
3,866	Burundi	47	Jordan
1,227	Cambodia	30	Kazakhstan
912	Cameroon	613	Kenya
261,646	Canada	37,315	Republic of Korea
7,221	Chad	45,000	Kuwait
316	Chile	56	Latvia
10,466	China	3,665	Lesotho
2,446	Colombia	2,430	Liberia
2,880	Republic of Congo	401	Liechtenstein
26	Cyprus	79	Lithuania
1,128	Czech Republic	11,409	Luxembourg
57,045	Denmark	781	Madagascar
385	Egypt	17,772	Malawi
200	El Salvador	1,000	Malaysia
265	Estonia	79	Malta
34,626	Ethiopia	206	Monaco
250,347	European Commission	1,258	Namibia
34,451	Finland	101,464	Netherlands
40,799	France	4,823	New Zealand
329,192	Germany	20	Nicaragua
5,215	Guatemala	92,546	Norway
3,713	Guinea		

- 11 Organization for security & cooperation in Europe
- 80,627 Pakistan
 - **376** Panama
 - 288 Peru
 - 991 Poland
 - 148 Portugal
- 98,438 Private Donors
- 1,255 Qatar
- 110 Romania
- 48,723 Russian Federation
- 151,556 Saudi Arabia
 - 6,000 Sierra Leone
 - 329 Slovakia
 - 65 Slovenia
 - 4,110 South Sudan
 - 7,621 Spain
 - 18 Sri Lanka
 - 2,096 Swaziland
- 91,182 Sweden
- 83,216 Switzerland
 - 337 Tanzania
 - 136 Thailand
 - 17 Togo
- 1,000 Turkey
- 159,929 UN CERF
- 2,163 United Arab Emirates
- 456,823 United Kingdom
- 76,969 UN Other Funds and Agencies (excluding CERF)
- 2,015,509 United States of America
 - 1,507 Zambia
 - 1,246 Zimbabwe



PROJECTS

in support and in partnership with governments

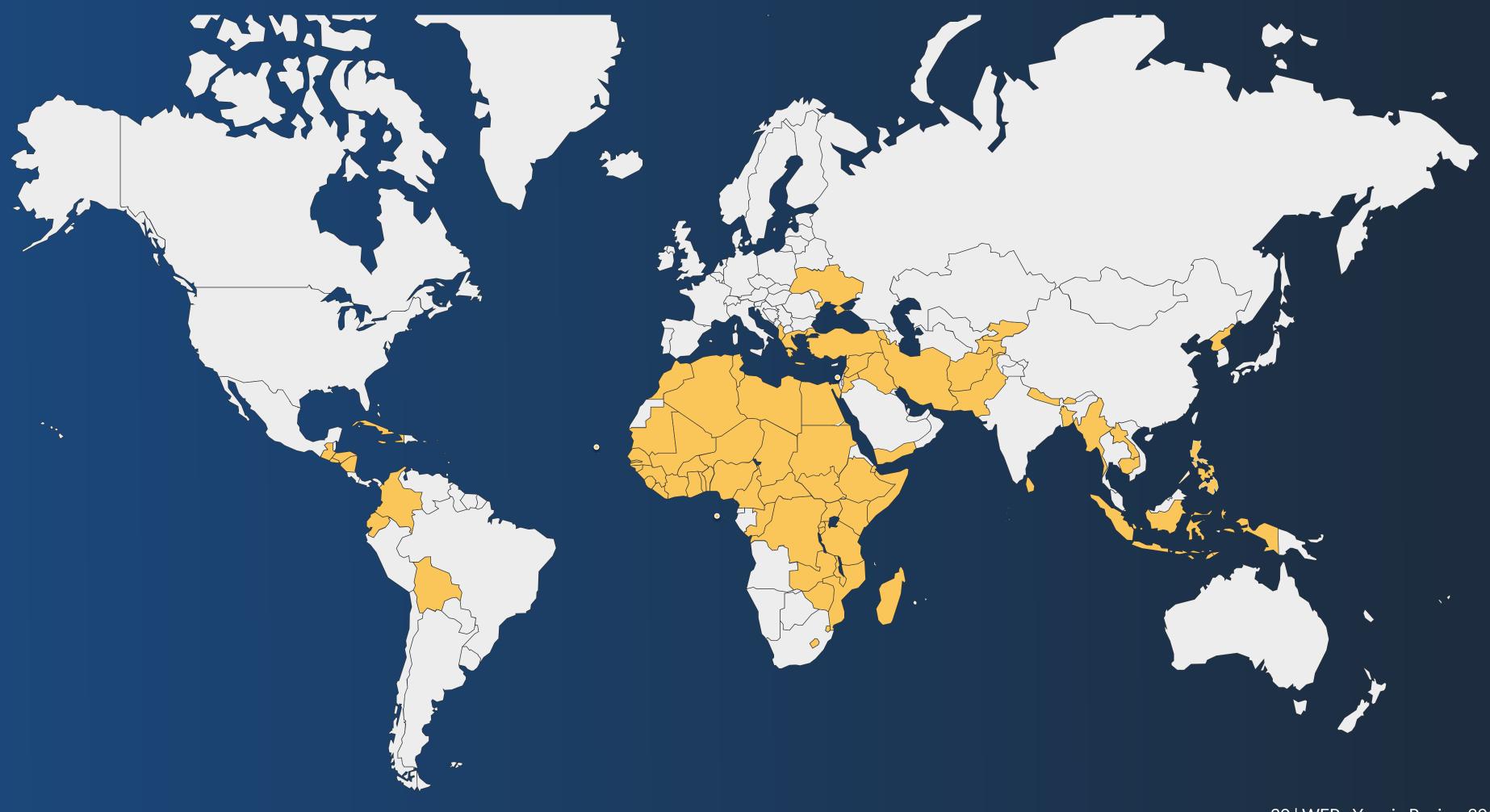




7 preparedness activities

protracted relief and recovery







development projects



preparedness activities



country programme

Ghana	🐼 去 😣
Greece	
Guatemala	🐼 😣
Guinea	🐼 去 😣 😑
Guinea-Bissau	🐼 去
Haiti	🐼 各 🖾
Honduras	🐼 🛞
Indonesia	※
Iran	<u></u>
Iraq	🐼 去 😑
Jordan	🐼 🔄 😑
Kenya	🐼 😣
Kyrgyzstan	<u> </u>



development projects







country programme



SCHOOL MEALS

17.4 MILLION

schoolchildren received meals in school or take-home rations

of which **1.3 MILLION CHILDREN** received school meals through **Trust Fund programmes in the Latin America and Caribbean region**

SCHOOL MEALS





•

50%

of all schoolchildren who received WFP assistance were girls

ue luche contre el hambre en el mundo

In total

1.6 MILLION

people were reached through **Trust Fund projects**

TRUST FUNDS imentos La agencia de las Naciones Unidas

TRUST FUNDS





In the Plurinational State of Bolivia, WFP's conditional cash-based transfers programme focused on creating assets ranging from erosion management infrastructure to community gardens and reforestation schemes.



In Colombia, WFP reached 60,000 children through programmes providing micronutrient powder and multifortified foods.



In the Dominican Republic, 2,000 community leaders were trained and more than 40,000 children and elderly people received locally produced nutritious foods.



WFP provided capacity development in El Salvador to improve the nutrition status of the most vulnerable population groups.



The Honduras school meal programme reached 1.2 million people.



In India, WFP support to local authorities in Odisha State is expected to benefit 30 million people by improving ,efficiency of the Targeted Public Distribution System through using customized biometric solutions. The introduction of a similar approach in Kerala is expected to assist another 35 million beneficiaries.



The Government of Lesotho assumed full financial ownership of the national school meal programme implemented in partnership with WFP.



Namibian Government agencies conducted a vulnerability analysis and two food and nutrition security monitoring studies. WFP introduced new mobile data collection technologies, facilitating the Government's rapid collection and dissemination of information.



In Peru, WFP contributed to the design of a national school meal programme, implemented through the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and reaching 3.6 million students at more than 60,000 schools. WFP and the Government also reduced the prevalence of anaemia by improving access to iron-rich food and promoting healthy eating habits and hygiene.



Ecuador, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Paraguay: through a regional approach, WFP facilitated workshops in emergency preparedness and response related to food and nutrition security, aimed at improving coordination before and in the aftermath of emergencies.



RESILIENCE BUILDING ACTIVITIES

11.4 MILLION

people received WFP food as an incentive to build assets or attend training programmes

RESILIENCE BUILDING ACTIVITIES















17,451

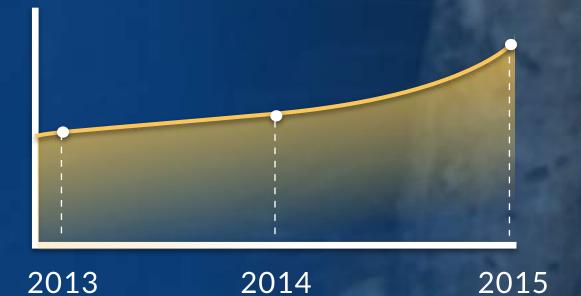
kilometres of roads and mountain trails and 87 bridges constructed or repaired



CASH-BASED TRANSFERS

9.6 MILLION

people received assistance in the form of cash-based transfers in 84 programmes and 54 countries An 8% increase compared to 2014



CASH-BASED TRANSFERS



distributed

More than 85% of cash-based transfers were provided within emergency programmes

aimed at saving lives and livelihoods.





PARTNERSHIPS



Organisation mondià de la Santé

PARTNERSHIPS



UNITED NATIONS AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION PARTNERS

WFP's partnerships seek to:

alleviate hunger through food assistance, nutrition support and social safety nets; eliminate the root causes of hunger and poverty through long-term support to sustainable agricultural development and rural transformation for the most vulnerable people.

FAO IFAD ILO IOM UNAIDS UNDP UNEP **UNESCO UNFPA UN-HABITAT** UNHCR UNICEF **UN-Women** WHO World Bank

International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement (ICRC, IFRC, National Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies)

OTHER PARTNERS



1,062 non-governmental organization partners













US\$94 MILLION

The amount of cash and in-kind donations from private sector corporate and individual partners



Fighting Hunger Worldwide





of whom 93% are based in the field





43% WOMEN

among international recruits and professional officers



۲





In 2016, WFP plans to reach 82 MILLION PEOPLE with food assistance in 76 COUNTRIES

For more information about our work, please visit www.wfp.org

To download the full 2015 WFP Annual Performance Report please click here

Join us on Facebook @WorldFoodProgramme Follow us on Twitter **@WFP**

The designations employed and the presentation of material in the maps do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever of WFP concerning the legal or constitutional status of any country, territory or sea area, or concerning the delimitation of frontiers.

Photo credits Cover: WFP/Olivier Le Blanc/DRC; Slide 2: WFP/Dina El Kassaby/Lebanon; Slide 4: WFP/Agron Dragaj/Mauritania; Slide 5: WFP/Rein Skullerud/Uganda; Slide 5: WFP/Rein Skullerud/Uganda; Slide 5: WFP/Agron Dragaj/Mauritania; Slide 5: WFP/Rein Skullerud/Uganda; Slide 5: WFP/Rein Skullerud/Ug Republic; WFP/Daouda Guirou/Central African Republic; Slide 12: WFP/Rein Skullerud/Sierra Leone; WFP/Rein Skullerud/Sierra Leone; Slide 14: WFP/Giulio dAdamo/South Sudan; WFP/George Fominyen/South Sudan; Slide 15; WFP/Abeer Etefa/Syria; WFP/Hussam Al Saleh/Syria; WFP/Hussam Al Saleh/Syria; Slide 16: WFP/Abeer Etefa/Yemen; WFP/Ammar Bamatraf/Yemen; Slide 23: WFP/Berna Cetin/Turkey-Syria; Slide 25: WFP/Riccardo Gangale/Uganda; Slide 28: WFP/Rein Skullerud/Burkina Faso; Slide 33: WFP/Boris Heger/Bolivia; Slide 35: WFP/Mike Bloem/Colombia; Slide 40: WFP/Leonora Baumann/DRC; Slide 44: WFP/Rein Skullerud/Liberia; Slide 47: WFP/ReinSkullerud/Sierra Leone; Slide 49: WFP/Ricardo Franco/Mozambique

wfp.org/help Join our online community